Newspapers by Ancestry
https://www.newspapers.com/image/171815891/

Downloaded on Nov 25, 2026

SERMON.

*The Turks.**

BY IRVING A. SEARLES.

Jerusalem shall be trodden down of the Gentiles until the times of the Gentiles be fulfilled.—Luke, 21. 24.

I am to speak this evening of the Turk, and as we near the conclusion of the sermon I hope to show the connection between the theme and text.

I need not say in this presence that the religion of the Turk is Mohammedanism. Mohammed was born about 570 A. D., at Mecca, one of the oldest cities of Arabia. His father was a poor merchant. He died while Mohammed was an infant, and the boy's mother died when he was only eight years old. His grandfather then adopted the child. Two years later the grandfather died and Mohammed went to live with an uncle. Nothing worthy of especial mention occurs to have occurred in the life of this remarkable man until he reached the age of twenty-five, when he met with one of those freaks of good fortune to which but few of us mortals are subject—he married a rich widow. As is liable to be the case with widows, this lady, though twelve years his senior, did all the courting and even made the proposal of marriage, which he gladly accepted. This brought him at once out of his poverty, although she may have frequently reminded him that the property belonged to her!

At the age of forty Mohammed professes to have had his first special divine revelation. In the solitude of a mountain near Mecca the angel Gabriel appeared to him Speaking of these revelations, a writer in Chambers' Encyclopædia says: "Certain it is that after long and painful solitary broodings, a something—not clearly known to himself—at times moved him with wonderful rapturous vehemence, that, during his revelations, he is said to have roared like a camel and to have streamed with perspiration. His eyes turned red and the foam stood before his mouth. The voices he heard were sometimes those of a bell, sometimes of a man; sometimes they came in his dreams or were laid in his heart." The same writer thus discusses the personal appearance of the prophet: "He was of middle height, rather lean, but broad shouldered, and altogether of strong build; slightly curled black hair flowed around his strongly developed head. His eyes, overhung with thick eyelashes, were large and coal black His nose, large and slightly bent, was well formed. A long beard added to the dignity of his appearance."

He told his first revelations to only a few of his relatives. The most of them scoffed at his pretensions: "The idea that the angel Gabriel has been down to earth to talk with you!" His uncle went so far as to call him a fool. Mohammed's mission was a failure so long as he remained among his relatives.—And I would here remark that the most of people will be disappointed if they expect much encouragement from aunts, uncles or cousins. "Your relatives think the most of you when you can take care of yourself.

This rebuff from his relatives did not deter Mohammed from his mission. When his uncle called him a fool he replied: "Though they set the sun against me on my right hand, and the moon on my left, yet will I not give up this enterprise." During the first four years of his mission he made only about forty converts, and those were mostly slaves and from the lower classes. But with a resolution which we can but admire whether we see it in Mohammedan, Jew or Christian, he continued his work in spite of all opposition, giving such an impetus to his mission that in less than a hundred years after his death the ministers of his followers were flashing in all the leading provinces of the East, and to-day one hundred and thirty millions are of the faith of the prophet.

The Koran is very explicit as to the nature of Future Punishment. They say a bridge is laid over the midst of hell. This bridge is more narrow than the edge of the best sharpened sword. Over this bridge all must pass, after death, to reach paradise. The good Mohammedan will experience no difficulty in crossing this bridge, but all outside the prophet's faith as they attempt to pass, will fall, one by one, headlong into the yawning pit below. They say that hell is divided into seven stories. In these several apartments the wicked are placed according to the degree of their guilt. The Koran says: "Those who believe not have garments of fire fitted to them, boiling water shall be poured on their heads. * * * So often as they shall endeavor to get out of hell because of the anguish of their torments, they shall be dragged back into the same, and their tormentors shall say, 'taste ye the pains of burning.' This from the Koran shocks our nerves, but let us be careful lest from Christian pulpits pictures of hell equally barbarous be presented.

The Koran gives very graphic descriptions of heaven. In chapter fifty-six we read: "They shall dwell in gardens of delight. Youths, who shall continue in their bloom forever, shall go round about to attend them with goblets and a cup of flowing wine. Their heads shall not ache by drinking the same, neither shall their reason be disturbed. And there shall accompany them fair damsels, having large black eyes resembling pearls hidden in their shells, as a reward for that which they have wrought." Again, chapter thirty seven: "But as for the sincere servants of God, they shall have a certain provision in paradise, namely, delicious fruits; and they shall be honored; they shall be placed in gardens of pleasure, leaning on couches opposite to one another. * * * And near them shall lie the virgins of paradise, refraining their look from beholding any besides their spouses, having large black eyes and resembling the eggs of an ostrich covered with feathers from the dust." From these extracts from the Koran we see that its heaven is a sensual one. Delicious fruits, wine that will not intoxicate, and voluptuous women are the chief attractions.

Mohammed devised a financial scheme worthy of a Stewart or a Rothschild. At least once in his life time the faithful Mohammedan must make a pilgrimage to the tomb of the prophet at Mecca. For this purpose the devout Mussulman has the greatest reverence. It is said that the pilgrim has been known to put out his eyes after seeing that tomb that he might never again view a common object after having beheld one so sacred. He who dies without having visited Mecca is no better off than though he were a Christian dog. As these pilgrims come flocking from all parts of the country to the prophet's tomb it is natural that they should desire to give something of the object of their worship. Three large vaults have been arranged to receive whatever money the people may feel disposed to give. These vaults were securely sealed and locked and the keys are in the possession of the chief dignitaries of the church. This fund is to be used only when the religion of the prophet is in danger. Wars for political purposes may wage perpetually and the Turkish government be ever so short of funds, but it must not lay its hands on the treasures in these vaults. But when their religion is threatened and in danger of overthrow, then that money is available. Two of these vaults have been opened, one in 1828, the other in 1854. The third has been sealed for four hundred and sixty-two years. It is estimated that one hundred thousand pilgrims annually visit Mecca, and that the fund now in these vaults can not be less than one hundred and twenty millions of dollars. If in the present struggle with Russia it shall be decided that the religion of Mohammed is in danger, these vaults will be unsealed and their vast treasure used to repel the invader.

When his religion is assailed, the Turk fights as he never does when other questions are involved. It is taught that he who falls in battle in defence of his religion goes immediately unchallenged into the paradise already described. Strong in this faith, the Turk is reckless. The papers announce that the Turkish authorities contemplate raising the "Standard of the Prophet." This was the principal banner used by Mohammed, himself, in his wars. It is a piece of dark cloth some twelve feet long. In order to protect this precious relic it is covered with forty layers of cloth. The outer covering is green.—Full many a time has this been raised at the head of the annual pilgrimage to Mecca. In time of war when the command of the army is entrusted to officers, this banner is displayed in the sepitol at the commencement of the war. But when the religion is assailed and the Mussulmen in person assumes command of the army, then this banner is carried into battle. The sight of that sacred flag makes every Turk a tiger. It appeals to his religious feelings as nothing else can do. Now it, s war in defence of his religion, and the student of history shudders when he thinks of what will be unsealed and their vast treasure used to repel the invader.

The Turk is very intolerant in his religious views. He has no regard for one that does not belong to his church. They allow none but Mohammedans to testify in their civil courts. The testimony of the best man in the United States could not be received, but yonder comes one of the lowest specimens of humanity that ever skulked by night through the dirty streets of Constantinople and his testimony will be received because, forsooth, he is a Mohammedan. To impeach a witness in the courts of Turkey you need not prove him an habitual liar but show that he is not a member of the Mohammedan church. They permit the Christians to erect churches, but they must be very plainly built. They must have no spires lest they rival the Grand Mosque in the splendor of construction They must have no bells lest the Mussulman be disturbed in his devotions. They, having the law on their side, can make quick work of such public nuisances by not allowing the Christian church to have any bells.

The prevailing opinion with Bible scholars is that the Ottaman Empire is fast approaching its downfall. It is thought that Daniel pictures the rise and fall of this great power. These men tell us that Daniel's prophecy is fulfilling as fast as the Russian armies march. I am not a believer in prophesies in deciphering prophecy, and I merely give this as the testimony of the experts.—Some of the Mohammedan leaders themselves have a vague impression that their religion is seeing its last days. It seems not at all improbable to suppose that God is preparing envoys in the armies of the East as much as ever he did in the days of ancient Israel.

One who does not understand arithmetic may add figures scattered promiscuously over the slate but he can cipher out no result. We read of the battles, the defeats, the victories, but we know not how to put these events together so as to arrive at an intelligent conclusion. God uses the world as a slate and arranges as figures. What the result may be we know not, but from present indications it is more than probable that the time is near at hand when the crescent shall wax and wane no more.

* Preached in the Disciple Church, Paw Paw, Sunday evening, July 29th, 1877, and revised by Mr. Searles expressly for the TRUE NORTHERNER!

CHRISTIE & TOWNSEND,
(Successors to N. B. Gause,)
MEAT MARKET!
Corner of Kalamazoo and Oak Sts., Paw Paw, where will be found a good stock at the following prices:
Beef, 6 to 10 cents per pound.
Best Pork Steak, 16 cents.
Mutton from 7 to 10 cents. 1114tf

THE CROSS AND THE CROWN.
A volume of thrilling interest by the eminent historian L. P. Brockett; describing the Russians and Turks: social, political, and religious history and condition; their home-life, varied customs, and peculiarities, the causes of the war, the issues at stake—Christian against Mohammedan—the mighty armies of other nations involved; Biographies of the famous Statesmen and Generals; All finely illustrated. The book millions need now. Wanted instantly, 5,000 agents on very liberal terms. Address HUBBARD BROS., Publishers, 36 La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.

MORTGAGE SALE.
DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, whereby the power therein contained to sell has become operative, executed by William F. Kent and Caroline E. Kent, his wife, of South Haven Michigan, to Rufus M. A. Barstow, of Burlington, in the county of Chittenden, and state of Vermont, bearing date the sixth day of July, a. d., eighteen hundred and seventy one, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, for the county of Van Buren, in said state of Michigan, on the eighth day of July, a. d., eighteen hundred and seventy one, in Liber two, of Mortgages, on page three hundred and fifty, upon which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, the sum of twelve hundred and twenty dollars and seventeen cents, and no suit or proceedings at law having been instituted to recover any part thereof; Notice is therefore hereby given, that on Tuesday, the 31st day of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, I shall sell at public auction to the highest bidder, sale to take place at the front door of the Van Buren county Circuit Court House, in the village of Paw Paw, the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount due on such mortgage, with ten per cent. interest, and legal costs, together with an attorney fee covenanted for therein; that is to say, the following pieces or parcel of land, situated in Van Buren county in the state of Michigan, viz: the north west quarter of section number twenty-three, and the one south, of range sixteen west, containing one hundred and thirty four and one third acres of land, according to the United States survey.
Dated, Paw Paw, July 26th, 1877.
RUFUS M. A. BARSTOW, Mortgagee.
J. H. BOSTWICK, Attorney for Mortgagee.

Drain Commissioner's Notice.
Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned drain commissioner for the county of Van Buren, State of Michigan, will on the 30th day of July a. d. 1877, at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the house of Thomas Richards in the township of Alamo, Kalamazoo county, said parties to contract for the excavation and construction of a ditch, or drain, through the following lands, town 1 The south west quarter of the north east quarter of section, twelve (12) in the township of Pine Grove, commencing at the division stake, one (1) set at the spring brook about five rods south of the Sound mail pond from thence running in a south easterly direction with the water course by straightening the crooks to the county line road, between the counties of Van Buren and Kalamazoo, then across said road to division stake No. (4) then running north along the east side of said road to the dry land bench division stake No. (5) and all such parts and subdivisions of said drain as are not then contracted to be constructed by the owner of the land, to which it is assigned, his or her agent or attorney, will then be let at public auction to the lowest responsible bidder, the undersigned also gives notice, that on the 30th day of July a. d. 1877, at two in the afternoon of said day, at the house of Thomas Richards in the township and county aforesaid, he will also will exhibit maps of the proposed drain, and descriptions of the several parcels of land to him deemed to be benefitted thereby, and the amount and description, by acres and value, of division, of the proposed drain, by him apportioned to the owner of each description of land to construct, and to each township, and will then and there receive any objections that why such apportionment should be reviewed and corrected, highway commissioners may appear and act in behalf of the township. 1105tf3
Dated at Paw Paw this 12th day of July a. d. 1877.
N. M. PUGSLEY, Drain Commissioner.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, } ss.
COUNTY OF VAN BUREN, }

At a session of the Probate Court for said county, held at the Probate office, in the village of Paw Paw, on Saturday, the 14th day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy seven. Present Alfred J. Mills, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Henry Tuckey, late of Paw Paw, deceased.

On reading and filing the resignation of A. C. Webb, executor of said Henry W. Rhodes, and a request for hearing and allowing his final account. Thereupon it is ordered that Monday the 13th day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon be assigned for examining and allowing said account, and considering said resignation; and that all persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden, at the Probate office, in the village of Paw Paw, and show cause, if any there be, why said account should not be allowed and said resignation should not be accepted and said account allowed. And it is further ordered that said guardian give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said resignation and of the hearing, examining and allowing said account, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the TRUE NORTHERNER, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. And it is further ordered that said guardian give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be personally served upon said Henry W. Rhodes on or before said 13th day of August next. 1104tf4
A true copy. ALFRED J. MILLS,
Judge of Probate.

E. G. BUTLER,
Dealer in Groceries, Provisions and Feed, CROCKERY and GLASS-WARE.
and the best Cutlery,
at Butler's Old Stand, on
Kalamazoo Street, Paw Paw.
Quality Good, Prices Low.
Call and see for yourselves. It will be to you advantage to come and see me.
E. G. Butler.

ENTIRE NEW STOCK!
S. SHAEFFER,
Having removed to the store in the New Block two doors west of A. Van Auken & Co's. and opposite the Bank, has opened an
Entire New Stock of
BOOTS AND SHOES
Ladies' Gaiters
AND
Childrens' Wear,
of every description, which he proposes to sell at low figures.
This stock has been purchased expressly for this market and will meet the wants of al classes, both as to quality and price.
An examination of this stock is solicited.
I still carry on at the same place a shop wher Custom Work and Repairing will be done on short notice.
Orders for this department are solicited Satisfaction guaranteed.
I shall be pleased to see all my old customers and all others at my new place of business, whether they wish to purchase or not.
S. SHAEFFER.
Paw Paw, June 1, 1876. 1105

LUCAS' FURNITURE WARE ROOMS
Chairs, Bedsteads and Cabinet Ware, Cheap.
The Lucas Chair, the best in the market.
Repairing done. Cane-seat Chairs re-caned.
Be sure and see my stock before purchasing.
Rooms opposite Court House.
1111ly GEORGE LUCAS.

DYSPEPSIA.
From George S. Bixby, of Epsom, N. H.
"I became reduce I in health and strength to a mere skeleton of my former self. My physician recommended the Peruvian Syrup, which I used for several weeks and I found my health restored and my weight increased from 90 to 150 pounds."
DEBILITY.
From C. L. Burns, of Clinton, Mo.
"Having received decided benefit from the use of the Peruvian Syrup for dyspepsia and general debility, I cheerfully recommend it."
CHILLS AND FEVER.
From Rev. Ephraim Nute, Jr., Pastor of the First Church, Lawrence, Kansas,
"In addition to my own experience I have received some strong testimonials to the efficacy of this medicine from the most trustworthy sources. It seems to me peculiarly adapted to the complaints which prevail in the West."
WEAKNESS.
From Rhiel Pease, of North Searsmont, Me.
"My wife has been in feeble health and very much debilitated. She has taken three or four bottles of the Peruvian Syrup, and is now better and weighs more than she has for ten years."
INDIGESTION.
From Rev. Gordon Robbins, of Hartford, Conn. of the Baptist Denomination.
"It is a duty I owe to you and the public to express my confidence in the Peruvian Syrup, as a safe and powerful remedy in those various manifestations of disease consequent upon disordered digestion."
LIVER COMPLAINT.
Letter from S. H. Kendall, M. D., of Boston.
"I use for many years afflicted with Liver Complaint of which I was cured by the use of Peruvian Syrup, and have enjoyed perfect health ever since."
NEURALGIA.
From Lewis Johnson, M. D., of Horton, N. S.
"My experience of the Peruvian Syrup satisfies me that it is a valuable remedy for diseases usually classed under the general terms of Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, and Neuralgia. I have also found it useful in Rheumatic Affections and Hemorrhage of the Lungs."
PARALYSIS.
From Charles E. Pearcy, of Brooks, Me.
"My limbs were paralyzed and useless; three bottles of the Peruvian Syrup restored me to complete health. I have recommended it in many cases similar to my own with the same good results."
BOILS.
The Rev. Calvin Jamson says:
"For seven or eight years I have been afflicted with Boils. Since using the Peruvian Syrup I have had one large and painful one near the center of the spine, and around it (as if to improve their last chance) a cluster of smaller ones, all of which have now disappeared."
DROPSY.
From Rev. J. W. Olmstead, Editor of the "Watchman and Reflector."
"We had fully justified in commending to suffering invalids, of which various stages and types there are so many, the important and excellent medicine."
SCROFULA.
From Jeremiah Stone, M. D., of Provincetown, Mass.
"I have used the Peruvian Syrup in my practice for fifteen months, and it has fulfilled my most sanguine expectations. I have used the Syrup in a remarkable case of Scrofulous Affection of the bones and periosteum; and for such diseases as this I consider the Syrup an invaluable medicine."
PERUVIAN SYRUP.
Is a Protected solution of the Protoxide of iron, so combined as to have the character of an alkali, so easily digested and assimilated with the blood as the simplest food. It increases the quantity of Nutrious Gum Vitalizing Agent iron in the blood, and cures "a thousand ills, simply Toning up, Invigorating and Vitalizing the system. The enriched and vitalized blood permeates every part of the body, repairing waste and waste, searching out morbid secretions, and leaving nothing for disease to feed upon.
CAUTION.—Be sure you get the "PERUVIAN SYRUP."
A 32-page pamphlet, containing a treatise on Iron as a medical agent, and other valuable papers, testimonials from distinguished physicians, clergymen and others, will be sent free to any address. SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Proprietors, 80 Harrison Avenue, Boston. Sold by druggists generally.

CHANCERY SALE.
IN pursuance and by virtue of a decree in the Circuit Court for the county of Van Buren, in Chancery, in the State of Michigan, made on the 2nd day of May, 1877, in a certain cause therein pending, wherein Trenor W. Park is complainant and James Mylan, Ann Mylan, James Mylan Jr. and George H. Mylan are defendants. Notice is hereby given that I shall sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Court House in the village of Paw Paw, in said county, at three o'clock in the afternoon, on the 6th day of September, 1877, the following described real estate, to wit: Those certain pieces or parcels of land lying and being in the township of Geneva, in the county of Van Buren, and state of Michigan, known and described as follows, to wit: the north thirty four (34) acres of the west half of the south west quarter of section twenty eight (28); also, the east half of the south east quarter of section twenty nine (29); also, the south east quarter of the north east quarter, and the east half of the south west quarter of said section twenty nine (29), all in town nine (9) south, of range sixteen (16) west, also, lots numbered eleven (11), twelve (12), thirteen (13) and fourteen (14), in block thirty five (35), in Hannahs' addition to the village of South Haven, in the said county of Van Buren.
Dated Paw Paw, July 18, 1877. 1104tf
JOHN S. OWLES,
Circuit Court Commissioner.
JOHN C. SHARP, Complainant's Solicitor.

ORDER FOR APPEARANCE
STATE OF MICHIGAN, The Ninth Judicial Circuit in Chancery. Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the county of Van Buren, in Chancery, at Paw Paw, on the seventh day of July, 1877. Present, John S. Owles, Circuit Court Commissioner, for said county.
William C. Hamilton, complainant,
vs.
John Stillwell, Administrator of the estate of Joseph Kinney, deceased, Jane Kinney, Alfred J. Mills, Mary Tappin, Elijah J. Kinney, Emily A. and Rhoda May Kinney, defendants.
It satisfactorily appearing to the court by the affidavit of Melville McGee solicitor for the complainant, that the defendant Mary Tappin is one of the defendants in the above entitled cause, and that said defendant Mary Tappin cannot after due diligence be found within this state: On motion of the said solicitor for the complainant, it is ordered, that the said Alice W. Hamilton and Mary Tappin cause their appearance to be entered in this cause, and that the same be served on complainant's solicitor within three months from the date of this order: And in case of their appearance they cause their answer to complainant's bill to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on complainant's solicitor within twenty days after service of a copy of said bill, and notice of this order, and in default thereof the said bill of complaint may be taken as confessed by them and each of them: And it is further ordered, that within twenty days the complainant cause a copy of this order to be published in the TRUE NORTHERNER, a public newspaper printed and circulated in the said county of Van Buren and that said publication be continued in said paper at least once in each week for six successive weeks or that he cause a copy of this order to be personally served on the said Alice W. Hamilton and Mary Tappin, at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for their appearance. 1104tf6
JOHN S. OWLES, Circuit Court Commissioner for Van Buren County, Michigan.
NATHALLE MCGEE, Complainant's Sol'r.

ESTATE of Thomas C. Benton, deceased.
STATE OF MICHIGAN, } ss.
COUNTY OF VAN BUREN, }
At a session of the Probate Court for said county, held at the Probate office, in the village of Paw Paw, on the 23rd day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy seven. Present Alfred J. Mills, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Thomas C. Benton, deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of George W. Longwell, Alonzo Thurman and J. J. Woodman, praying, among other things, for reasons therein set forth, that reasons therein set forth may from her office as administrator of said estate be revoked, and that Geo. Briggs, or some other suitable person be appointed administrator of said estate in her stead. Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday the 6th day of August, 1877, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the office of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the True Northerner, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. A true copy. 1105tf3
ALFRED J. MILLS, Judge of Probate.

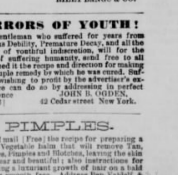
ESTATE of Louisa F. Clark, Deceased.
STATE OF MICHIGAN, } ss.
COUNTY OF VAN BUREN, }
At a session of the Probate Court for said county, held at the Probate office, in the village of Paw Paw, on Friday, the 20th day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy seven. Present Alfred J. Mills, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Louisa F. Clark, deceased. On reading and filing the statement of Harvey T. Herron, administrator of the estate of said deceased, that he is now prepared to render a final account of all moneys, goods, chattels and effects of said estate, which has come into his hands as such administrator, together with the vouchers and proofs and expenditures thereof. Thereupon it is ordered, that Saturday, the 18th day of August, 1877, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing, examination and allowance of said account, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the office of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the TRUE NORTHERNER, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. A true copy. ALFRED J. MILLS, Judge of Probate.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, } ss.
COUNTY OF VAN BUREN, }
At a session of the Probate Court for said county, held at the Probate office, in the village of Paw Paw, on Tuesday the 10th day of July in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven, present, Alfred J. Mills Judge of Probate, in the matter of the estate of John Beldo, deceased, on reading and filing the petition duly verified, of Ann Beldo, widow of said deceased, praying that an instrument now on file in this court purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased may be admitted to Probate and administration of said estate granted to herself or some other suitable person. Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday the 6th day of August 1877, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the office of the Probate office in the village of Paw Paw and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the True Northerner, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. A true copy. 1105tf3
ALFRED J. MILLS, Judge of Probate.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marshy, or miasmatic poisons.
This is a compound remedy, prepared with scientific skill from vegetable ingredients, which surely fulfils to cure the severest cases of Chills and Fever and the concomitant disorders. Such a remedy the necessities of the people in malarious districts demand. Its great superiority over any other medicine yet discovered for the cure of Intermittents is, that it contains no quinine or mineral, and those who take it are free from danger of quinism or any injurious effects, and are as healthy after using it as before. It has been extensively employed during the last thirty years in the treatment of these distressing disorders, and so unvarying has been its success that it has gained the reputation of being infallible. It can, therefore, be safely recommended as a sure remedy and specific for the Fever and Ague of the West, and the Chills and Fever of the South, all of which become intermittent or periodical, have no specifier remedy than Ayer's Ague Cure, which cures them all alike, and protects the system from future attacks. As a preventive, it is of immense service in those communities where Fever and Ague prevails, as it stays the development of the disease if taken on the first approach of the premonitory symptoms. Travelers and temporary residents are thus enabled to defy these disorders, and few will ever suffer if they avail themselves of the protection this remedy affords.
For Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity, it is an excellent remedy; it stimulates the organs into healthy activity, and produces many remarkable cures where other medicines fail.
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Dr. E. A. CURTIS
TREATS ALL CHRONIC DISEASES OF THE
Throat, Lungs, Heart, Liver, Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, and Bladder,
Female Weakness, Cancers, Epilepsy, Fever Sore, Nervous Weakness, Scrofula, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, etc.
Dr. Curtis' Medicines are selected principally from the vegetable kingdom, and are the result of the happiest effects of Calomel and other poisonous minerals. His reputation is founded upon years of successful practice. He is a regularly educated physician, and never gives encouragement unless there is good reason for so doing. His remedies never do injuries, but restore the health of the Patient.
Dr. C. cordially invites all afflicted to consult with him, as there is often hope under change of treatment, even when hope has been abandoned.
For further advice call upon or address
Dr. E. A. Curtis,
Dowagiac, Mich.

The Percheron-Norman Stallion

MORO,
Will make the season of 1877 at the stable of Riley Bangs, one mile east of the village of Paw Paw, south side of territorial road, where breeding is surrounded by evergreens, opposite first road, east of village, leading north.
Moro is a fine dark bay color, was foaled in the spring of 1873, and imported from France in August 1876, by R. W. Dunham, of Wayne, Illinois. He took the first premium at the State Fair in 1876, and also at the Van Buren County Fair. Terms—$25.00 to insure.
RILEY BANGS & CO.

ERRORS OF YOUTH!
A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence JOHN B. OGDEN,
1137md 42 Cedar street New York.

PIMPLES.
I will mail (Free) the recipe for preparing a simple Vegetable balm that will remove Tan, Pimples, Freckles and Blotches, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address Ben Vaskill & Co, Box 3121, No 5 Wooster st, N. Y. 1137md

HOUSE MOVING!
The undersigned wishes to inform all persons who have buildings to be moved that he is prepared to enter into contracts to do all such jobs at very reasonable prices and on short notice.
Having had much experience in that business, and owning a Complete Set of Tools and Apparatus, he is enabled to do that kind of work at the Very Lowest Figures! and in a Prompt and Satisfactory manner.
Orders for work may be left at G. W. Longwell's, Paw Paw, or with H. S. Durkee, Watson.
March, 1877. J. F. CONNER. 1137md8

Copyright © 2026 Newspapers.com. All Rights Reserved.